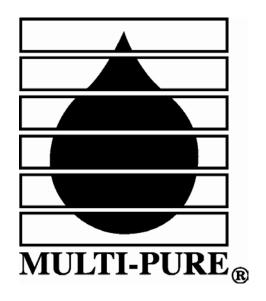
Multi-Pure®



Water Guardian Drinking Water Appliance For Countertop Use

Model No. MPADC

Owner's Manual

Multi-Pure Drinking Water Systems

Thank you for selecting a Multi-Pure Drinking Water System to meet your need for quality drinking water. You have acquired one of the finest drinking water treatment devices available for the reduction of a wide array of contaminants. We are confident that your Multi-Pure System will make a difference in your life. Thank you for your business.

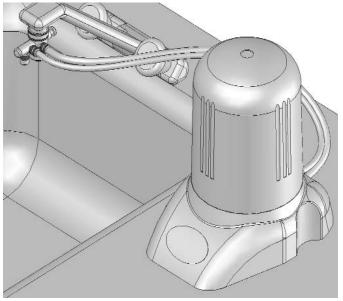
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I. Operation and Maintenance Specifications

	Water Guardian Model
Model Numbers	MPADC
Housing Composition	Polypropylene
Rubber Items	Nitrile
Inlet	3/8" stem
Outlet	1/4" stem
Replacement Filter Type	CBTAD
Approximate Filter Capacity	750 gallons
Approximate Flow Rate @ 60 psi	0.75 gpm
Maximum Working Pressure	100 psi/7.0 kg/cm2
Minimum Working Pressure	30 psi/2.1 kg/cm2
Maximum Operating Temperature	100F / 38C - for cold water use
Minimum Operating Temperature	32F / 0C
Particle Retention Size	0.5 micron (sub micron)
Certified by:	NSF

INSTALLATION, OPERATION & MAINTENANCE MANUAL



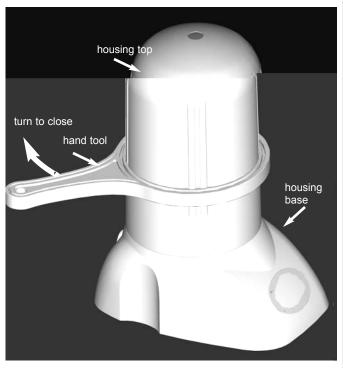
Multi-Pure Water Guardian Drinking Water Appliance

The Multi-Pure Water Guardian Drinking Water Appliance, Model MPADC is designed for use on the countertop next to your sink. You can connect it to your existing faucet using the high-tech chrome diverter valve that allows you to easily switch from filtered to unfiltered water.

II. Inspect the Housing

NOTE: The filter cartridge is factory-installed inside the unit housing.

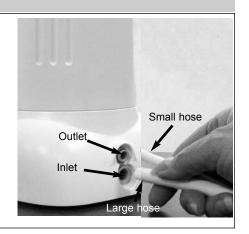
- Step 1 Determine a desired location on your countertop for the unit so that the hose can easily be attached to your faucet.
- Step 2 Inspect the unit housing to confirm that the housing top is securely connected to the bottom. If necessary, use the hand tool, shipped with the unit, to tighten the top.
 - a. With the housing in an upright position, slide the hand tool over the top so that the ridges on the tool fit into the grooves on the housing top.
 - Applying steady pressure, turn clockwise to tighten.
 Hold the base in place on the countertop while turning the top.
 - c. Tighten sufficiently so that the o-ring at the bottom of the top is not visible. DO NOT OVER TIGHTEN.



III. Connect the Hose to the Housing

NOTE: The Water Guardian comes with a diverter valve and hose that connects the drinking water system to your faucet.

- Step 3 To connect the hose to the housing base, insert the tubing on the end of the hose into the inlet and outlet ports.
 - a. Insert the larger hose into the bottom port (Inlet connector) by slowly pushing the stem straight into the connector as far as it will go. Give a second push to confirm that the stem is fully inserted.
 - b. Insert the smaller hose into the top port (Outlet connector) by slowly pushing the stem straight into the connector as far as it will go. Give a second push to confirm that the stem is fully inserted.



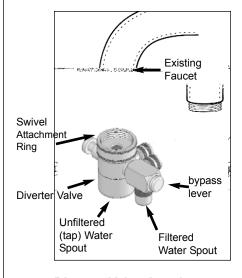
IV. Connect the Diverter Valve to Your Faucet

NOTE: The Water Guardian Drinking Water Appliance is easy to install on most standard faucets. And, it includes a feature that makes it easy to switch from filtered to unfiltered water.

- Step 4 Remove the aerator or screen from the end of your faucet. The water at your sink should be turned off.
- Step 5 Attach the Diverter Valve directly to the faucet spout. If the threads of the Diverter Valve don't match the threads of your faucet, use one of the adapters provided with your unit.
 - a. Faucets with Outside Threads: For most faucets with outside threads, the diverter valve can be attached directly to the faucet. However, if the Diverter Valve is smaller than your faucet, attach the adapter with inside threads directly to your faucet and then attach the Diverter Valve to the adapter.



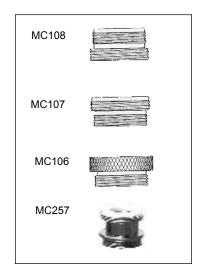
- b. Faucets with Inside Threads: If your faucet has threads on the inside, attach one of the two adapters with outside threads (choose the appropriate size for your faucet) directly to your faucet and then attach the Diverter Valve to the adapter.
- c. Faucets with No Threads: If your faucet has no threads, you will need to contact your independent dealer.
- d. Faucets with Odd Sized Threads: If your faucet does not fit any of the adapters provided with your unit, please contact your independent dealer.
- e. Faucets requiring more clearance for the connection, such as sprayer hose faucets, would use a long adapter (MC257). See Step 5.e. on next page for installation instructions.



Diverter Valve Attachment



Diverter Valve Attachment with adapter



Adapters (choose one)
Many installations do not require an adapter

IV. Connect the Diverter Valve to Your Faucet (continued)

Step 5.e Instructions for Installing a Long Adapter

The long adapter (MC257) shown in Fig. 1 is used to connect the Hose & Diverter Valve assembly to your faucet or sprayer hose faucet, needing more clearance for the connection.

- 1. Remove the aerator or screen from your faucet.
- 2. Take the long adapter and attach it to the opening of the spout/sprayer then connect the Hose & Diverter Valve assembly to the adapter (Fig. 2).
- 3. Position the Drinking Water System on the sink to allow enough room to use the sprayer faucet.



Fig. 1

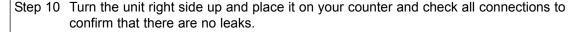


Fig. 2

V. Start-up and Use of Your Countertop Drinking Water System

Congratulations, your Multi-Pure Water Guardian Drinking Water Appliance has been connected to your faucet and you are now ready to start-up the unit, as follows:

- Step 6 Using a paper towel or cloth, dry off all connections. Also, dry off the drinking water unit.
- Step 7 Ensure that all connections are tight (CAUTION: DO NOT OVER TIGHTEN).
- Step 8 Before starting the flushing and start-up process, unscrew and remove the aerator (screen) from the filtered water spout. Rinse out the aerator to remove any debris that may have collected on the two screens inside it. You will reconnect the aerator upon completion of the filter flushing process.
- Step 9 To purge all air from the unit, turn the housing <u>upside down</u> and then turn on the water. Push the bypass lever of the diverter to start the flow of water through the unit. Allow the water to run through the unit and filtered water spout for one minute. Then close the bypass lever and shut off the water at the faucet.



Step 11 Turn on the water and push the bypass lever of the diverter valve to again start the flow of water through the unit.

Step 12 Allow water to run through the unit to waste for approximately 25 minutes to fully flush the filter and charge the carbon.

Step 13 Push the bypass lever inward to shutoff the flow of water through the Aqua Dome System. Then shut off the water at your faucet and check for leaks.

Step 14 Lastly, reconnect the aerator to the filtered water spout.

Congratulations, you have completed the installation.

If you have any questions regarding the installation of your countertop unit, call:

Please call your authorized independent dealer



Turn Unit upside down to assure that all air escapes from the housing





VI. Filter Life

Filter life will vary in proportion to the amount of water used and the level of impurities in the water being processed. Claims of capacity are not applicable to contaminants reduced by mechanical filtration because of broad variations in the quality and quantity of physical matter in your drinking water. Your Multi-Pure filter will clog, protecting you from these contaminants, and your flow rate diminishes. For contaminants reduced by adsorption, filter life/capacity is 750 gallons.

It is recommended that filters be replaced annually or sooner if needed. For optimum performance and to maintain your warranty, it is essential that the filter be replaced on a regularly scheduled basis as follows: (a) annually; (b) when the unit's rated capacity (750 gallons) is reached; (c) the flow rate diminishes; (d) the filter becomes saturated with bad tastes and odors.

VII. Instructions for Changing Your Filter

REMOVING THE OLD FILTER

- 1. Remove the shipping materials plastic wrapper and instruction wrapper.
- 2. It may be advisable to place a folded towel beneath the housing before opening it. Or you may place it in your sink or in a pan to open.
- 3. Confirm that your tap water is off.
- 4. Open the diverter valve by pushing the bypass lever (Fig. A) so that the water flows through the unit and the filtered water spout until the flow stops.
- When the flow of water stops, then close the diverter by pushing the bypass valve.
- 6. With the housing in an upright position, or on its side on a towel, use the Water Guardian hand tool to open the unit (Fig. B).
 - a. Slide the hand tool over the housing top so that the ridges on the tool fit into the grooves on the housing top.
 - b. Hold the base in place on the countertop and apply steady pressure to the hand tool to turn the top.
 - c. Once the top is loose, you can complete the opening process by turning it with your hand.
- 7. Remove the housing top from the base (Fig C).
- 8. Remove the old filter (cartridge) from the unit base by pulling out and slightly twisting the filter until it is released from the base as shown in Fig. D. Make sure black gasket remains on bottom of housing base.
- 9. Wrap the used filter in paper and dispose of it in your normal refuse.
- 10. Clean and rinse out the inside of the housing.

INSTALLING THE NEW FILTER

- 11. Insert the new filter in the center port of the housing base, twisting slightly, as shown in Fig. D. Then push straight down on the filter to assure that is firmly in place.
- 12. Reconnect the housing top with base (Fig. C).
- 13. Hand-tighten the housing top by turning it clockwise. The top should be securely connected to the base so the o-ring at the bottom of the top is not visible. If necessary, use the hand tool, shipped with your unit, to tighten the top (Fig. B-1).
 - a. With the housing in an upright position, slide the hand tool over the top so that the ridges on the tool fit into the grooves on the housing top.
 - b. Applying steady pressure, turn clockwise to tighten. Hold the base in place on the countertop while turning the top.
 - Tighten sufficiently so that the o-ring on the top threads is not visible.
 DO NOT OVER TIGHTEN.



Fig. A



Fig.B-1



Fig.B-2



Fig. C



Fig. D

RE-STARTING YOUR WATER GUARDIAN UNIT

- Using a paper towel or cloth, dry off all connections and your drinking water unit.
- 15. Ensure that all connections are tight (CAUTION: DO NOT OVER TIGHTEN see item #13c).
- 16. Before starting the flushing and start-up process, unscrew and remove the aerator (screen) from the filtered water spout (Fig. F). Rinse out the aerator to remove any debris that may have collected on the two screens inside it. You will reconnect the aerator upon completion of the filter flushing process (see step #24).
- 17. To purge all air from the unit, turn the housing <u>upside down</u> and then turn on the water at your tap faucet (Fig. G).
- 18. With the unit upside down, push the bypass lever of the diverter to start the flow of water through the unit (Fig. H). Allow the water to run through the unit and filtered water spout (without the aerator) for ONE minute. Then close the bypass lever and shut off the water at the faucet.
- 19. Turn the unit right side up, place it on your counter and check all connections to confirm that there are no leaks (Fig. I).
- 20. Turn on the water and push the bypass lever of the diverter valve to again start the flow of water through the unit (Fig. H).
- 21. Allow water to run through the unit to waste for approximately 25 minutes to fully flush the filter and charge the carbon (Fig H).
- 22. Push the bypass lever inward to shutoff the flow of water through the Aqua Dome unit.
- 23. Shut off the water at your faucet and check for leaks.
- 24. Then reconnect the aerator to the filtered water spout (Fig. F).

You now can resume using your Multi-Pure Drinking Water System for all your drinking water, cooking, and food preparation needs.

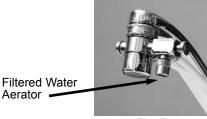


Fig. F



Fig. G



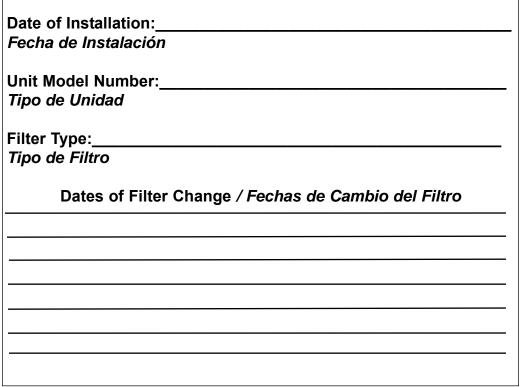
Fig. H



Fig. I



Fig. J



VIII. Warranty

Multi-Pure Warranty: Multi-Pure Corporation warrants to the original retail customer its Drinking Water Systems and components to be free of defects in material and workmanship for use under normal care, and will repair or replace any System at no charge (excluding transportation to Multi-Pure headquarters) to the customer during the warranty period. The Aqua Dome Housing is warranted for a period of five (5) years; all exterior hoses and attachments to the System are warranted for defects in material and workmanship for one year.

Multi-Pure Solid Carbon Block Filters are warranted for defects in material and workmanship for use under normal care. The capacity of the filter cartridge depends upon the amount of impurities in the water to be processed. For optimum performance, it is essential that the Solid Carbon Block Filter cartridge be replaced annually or when it has processed its listed capacity, whichever comes first.

Except as otherwise expressly provided above, Multi-Pure Corporation makes no warranties, express or implied, arising by law or otherwise, including without limitation the implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose, to any person. This limited warranty may not be altered, varied or extended except by a written instrument executed by Multi-Pure Corporation. The remedy of repair or replacement as provided under this limited warranty is exclusive. In no event shall Multi-Pure Corporation be liable for any consequential or incidental damages to any person whether occasioned by negligence of the manufacturer, including without limitation damages of loss of use, cost of substitution, property damage, or other monetary loss.

Warranty is valid only if Drinking Water System is operated within conditions listed herein.

IX. Certification

Multi-Pure Drinking Water Systems Product Performance Tested and Certified



Multi-Pure Drinking Water Systems have been tested and certified by NSF International to comply with NSF/ANSI Standards 42 and 53 for the reduction of specific contaminants being considered as established or potential health hazards.

Standard 42, Aesthetic Effects

System tested and certified by NSF International against NSF/ANSI Standard 42 for the reduction of:

Chloramine

Chlorine taste and odor

Nominal Particulate reduction, class I

Standard 53, Health Effects

System tested and certified by NSF International against NSF/ANSI Standard 53 for the reduction of:

Asbestos Chlordane
Cyst Lead
Mercury MTBE
PCB Toxaphene

Turbidity VOC (listed below)

Volatile Organic Chemicals (VOC) includes:

Disinfection By-Products

chloropicrin

haloacetonitriles (HAN): bromochloroacetonitrile

dibromoacetonitrile dichloroacetonitrile trichloroacetonitrile

haloketones (HK):

1,1-dichloro-2-Propanone

1,1-trichloro-2-Propanone trihalomethanes (THMs;

TTHMs):

bromodichloromethane bromoform chloroform

dibromochloromethane tribromoacetic acid

Chemicals

benzene carbon tetrachloride chlorobenzene

1,2-dichloroethane 1,1-dichloroethylene cis-1,2-dichloroethylene

1,2-dichloropropane cis-1,3-dichloropropylene

ethylbenzene hexachlorobutadiene

hexachlorocyclopentadiene simazine

styrene

1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane tetrachloroethylene

toluene

trans-1,2-dichloroethylene 1,2,4-trichlorobenzene

1,1,1-trichloroethane

1,1,2-trichloroethane trichloroethylene

xylenes (total)

Herbicides

alachlor atrazine 2,4-D dinoseb

pentachlorophenol 2,4,5-TP (silvex)

Pesticides

carbofuran dibromochloropropane (DBCP)

o-dichlorobenzene p-dichlorobenzene

endrin

ethylene dibromide (EDB)

heptachlor

heptachlor epoxide

lindane methoxychlor

Filter capacity is 750 gallons, which is approximately a 12 month supply depending on local water conditions.

Claims of capacity are not applicable to contaminants reduced by mechanical filtration because of broad variations in the quality and quantity of physical matter in your drinking water.





MULTI-PURE

Performance Data Sheet

Multi-Pure Drinking Water Systems have been tested and certified under NSF/ANSI Standard Nos. 53 as shown below. The concentration of the indicated substances in water entering the system was reduced to a concentration less than or equal to the permissible limit for water leaving the system, as specified in NSF/ANSI 53, Health Effects.



For Model No. MPADC

			Maximum permissible
		Influent challenge	product water
	Percent	concentration	concentration
Substance	Reduction**	(mg/L unless specified)	(mg/L unless specified)
ALACHLOR*	>98%	0.05	0.001
		10 ⁷ to 10 ⁸ fibers/L; fibers	
ASBESTOS	>99.9%	greater than 10	99% reduction
		micrometers in length	requirement
ATRAZINE*	>97%	0.1	0.003
BENZENE*	>99%	0.081	0.001
BROMODICHLOROMETHANE (TTHM)*	>99.8%	0.300 +/- 0.30	0.015
BROMOFORM (TTHM)*	>99.8%	0.300 +/- 0.30	0.015
CARBOFURAN (Furadan)*	>99%	0.19	0.001
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE*	98%	0.078	0.0018
CHLORDANE	>99.5%	0.04 +/-10%	0.002
CHLOROBENZENE (Monochlorobenzene)*	>99%	0.077	0.001
CHLOROPICRIN*	99%	0.015	0.0002
CHLOROFORM (TTHM)* (surrogate chemical)	>99.8%	0.300 +/- 0.30	0.015
Cryptosporidium (CYST)	99.95%	minimum 50,000/mL	99.95%
CYST (Giardia; Cryptosporidium; Entamoeba;	99.95%	minimum 50,000/mL	99.95%
Toxoplasma)	99.95%	IIIIIIIIIIIII 50,000/IIIL	99.9070
2, 4-D*	98%	0.110	0.0017
DBCP (see Dibromochloropropane)*	>99%	0.052	0.00002
1,2-DCA (see 1,2-DICHLOROETHANE)*	95%	0.088	0.0048
1,1-DCE (see 1,1-DICHLOROETHYLENE)*	>99%	0.083	0.001
DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE (TTHM;	>99.8%	0.300 +/- 0.30	0.015
Chlorodibromomethane)*		0.300 17- 0.30	0.013
DIBROMOCHLOROPROPANE (DBCP)*	>99%	0.052	0.00002
o-DICHLOROBENZENE (1,2 Dichlorobenzene)*	>99%	0.08	0.001
p-DICHLOROBENZENE (para-Dichlorobenzene)*	>98%	0.04	0.001
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE (1,2-DCA)*	95%	0.088	0.0048
1,1-DICHLOROETHYLENE (1,1-DCE)*	>99%	0.083	0.001
CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE*	>99%	0.17	0.0005
TRANS-1,2- DICHLOROETHYLENE*	>99%	0.086	0.001
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE (Propylene Dichloride)*	>99%	0.08	0.001
CIS-1,3- DICHLOROPROPYLENE*	>99%	0.079	0.001
DINOSEB*	99%	0.17	0.0002
EDB (see ETHYLENE DIBROMIDE)*	>99%	0.044	0.00002
ENDRIN*	99%	0.053	0.00059
Entamoeba (see CYSTS)	99.95%	minimum 50,000/mL	99.95%
ETHYLBENZENE*	>99%	0.088	0.001
ETHYLENE DIBROMIDE (EDB)*	>99%	0.044	0.00002
Furadan (see CARBOFURAN)*	>99%	0.19	0.001

^{**}Percent reduction reflects actual performance of Multi-Pure product as specifically tested (at 200% of capacity, i.e. 1500 gallons). Percent reduction shown for VOCs* reflects the allowable claims for Volatile Organic Chemicals/Compounds as per Tables. Chloroform was used as a surrogate for VOC reduction claims: the Multi-Pure Systems' actual reduction rate of Chloroform was >99.8% as tested (at 200% of capacity).

Outstance	Percent	Influent challenge concentration	Maximum permissible product water concentration
Substance	Reduction**	(mg/L unless specified)	(mg/L unless specified)
Giardia Lamblia (see CYST)	>99.95%	minimum 50,000/mL	99.95%
HALOACETONITRILES (HAN)*			
BROMOCHLOROACETONITRILE	98%	0.022	0.0005
DIBROMOACETONITRILE	98%	0.024	0.0006
DICHLOROACETONITRILE	98%	0.0096	0.0002
TRICHLOROACETONITRILE	98%	0.015	0.0003
HALOKETONES (HK):*			
1,1-DICHLORO-2-PROPANONE	99%	0.0072	0.0001
1,1,1-TRICHLORO-2-PROPANONE	96%	0.0082	0.0003
HEPTACHLOR*	>99%	0.25	0.00001
HEPTACHLOR EPOXIDE*	98%	0.0107	0.0002
HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE (Perchlorobutadiene)*	>98%	0.044	0.001
HEXACHLOROCYCLOPENTADIENE*	>99%	0.060	0.000002
LEAD (pH 6.5)	>99.3%	0.15 +/- 10%	0.010
LEAD (pH 8.5)	>99.3%	0.15 +/- 10%	0.010
LINDANE*	>99%	0.055	0.00001
MERCURY (pH 6.5)	>99%	0.006 +/- 10%	0.002
MERCURY (pH 8.5)	>99%	0.006 +/- 10%	0.002
METHOXYCHLOR*	>99%	0.050	0.0001
Methylbenzene (see TOLUENE)*	>99%	0.078	0.001
Monochlorobenzene (see CHLOROBENZENE)*	>99%	0.077	0.001
MTBE (methyl tert-butyl ether)	>96.6%	0.015 +/- 20%	0.005
POLYCHLORINATED BIPHENYLS (PCBs , Aroclor 1260)	>99.9%	0.01 +/- 10%	0.0005
PCE (see TETRACHLOROETHYLENE)*	>99%	0.081	0.001
PENTACHLOROPHENOL*	>99%	0.096	0.001
Perchlorobutadiene (see HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE)*	>98%	0.044	0.001
Propylene Dichloride (see 1,2 -DICHLOROPROPANE)*	>99%	0.080	0.001
SIMAZINE*	>97%	0.000	0.001
	99%	0.120	0.0016
Silvex (see 2,4,5-TP)*	>99%	1 1	
STYRENE (Vinylbenzene)*	95%	0.15	0.0005
1,1,1-TCA (see 1,1,1 - TRICHLOROETHANE)*	>99%	0.084	0.0046
TCE (see TRICHLOROETHYLENE)*	>99%	0.180	0.0010
1,1,2,2- TETRACHLOROETHANE*	>99%	0.081	0.001
TETRACHLOROETHYLENE*		0.081	0.001
TOLUENE (Methylbenzene)*	>99%	0.078	0.001
TOXAPHENE	>92.9%	0.015 +/- 10%	0.003
Toxoplasma (see CYSTS)	99.95%	minimum 50,000/mL	99.95%
2,4,5-TP (Silvex)*	99%	0.270	0.0016
TRIBROMOACETIC ACID*	. 222/	0.042	0.001
1,2,4 TRICHLOROBENZENE (Unsymtrichlorobenzene)*	>99%	0.160	0.0005
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE (1,1,1-TCA)*	95%	0.084	0.0046
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE*	>99%	0.150	0.0005
TRICHLOROETHYLENE (TCE)*	>99%	0.180	0.0010
TRIHALOMETHANES (TTHM) (Chloroform; Bromoform; Bromodichloromethane; Dibromochloromethane)	>99.8%	0.300 +/- 0.30	0.015
TURBIDITY	>99%	11 +/- 1 NTU	0.5 NTU
TRICHLOROBENZENE)*	>99%	0.160	0.0005
Vinylbenzene (see STYRENE)*	>99%	0.150	0.0005
XYLENES (TOTAL)*	>99%	0.070	0.001

NSF/ANSI 42 - Aesthetic Effects

The System has been tested according to NSF/ANSI Standard 42 for the reduction of the following substances. The concentration of the indicated substances in water entering the system was reduced to a concentration less than or equal to the permissible limit for water leaving the system.

Substance	Percent Reduction**	Influent challenge concentration (mg/L unless specified)	Maximum permissible product water concentration (mg/L unless specified)
CHLORAMINE as Aesthetic Effect (As Monochloramine)	>97%	3.0 mg/L +/- 10%	0.5 mg/L
CHLORINE as Aesthetic Effect	99%	2.0 Mg/L +/- 10%	> or = 50%
PARTICULATE, (Nominal Particulate Reduction, Class I, Particles 0.5 TO <1 UM	Class I > 99%	At Least 10,000 particles/mL	> or = 85%

Note: This addresses the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Primary and Secondary Drinking Water Regulations in effect at its time of publication, they relate to Multi-Pure's performance in conformance to the industry performance criteria. These regulations are continually being updated at the Federal level. Accordingly, this list of MCLs will be reviewed and amended when appropriate. Please see sales brochure for list of product certifications.

NOTES:

- 1. Multi-Pure Drinking Water Systems have been certified, as indicated, by NSF International for compliance to NSF/ANSI Standard Nos. 42 & 53.
- The Multi-Pure Drinking Water Systems have been certified by the State of California Department of Health Services for the reduction of specific contaminants listed herein.
- 3. Chloroform was used as a surrogate for claims of reduction of VOCs. Multi-Pure Systems tested at >99.8% actual reduction of Chloroform. Percent reduction shown herein reflects the allowable claims for VOCs as per tables in the Standard.
- 4. Do not use with water that is microbiologically unsafe or of unknown quality without adequate disinfection before or after the system. Systems certified for cyst reduction may be used on disinfected water that may contain filterable cysts.
- 5. Filter life will vary in proportion to the amount of water used and the level of impurities in the water being processed. For optimum performance, it is essential that the filter be replaced on a regularly scheduled basis as follows: (a) annually; (b) when the unit's rated capacity has been reached; (c) the flow rate diminishes; (d) the filter becomes saturated with bad tastes and odors.
- 6. Multi-Pure's Aqua Dome Housing is warranted for a period of 5 years. All exterior hoses and attachments to the System are warranted for one year. Please see the Owner's Manual for complete product guarantee and warranty information.
- 7. Please see the Owner's Manual for installation instructions and operating procedures.
- 8. In compliance with New York law, it is recommended that before purchasing a water treatment system, NY residents have their water supply tested to determine their actual water treatment needs. Please compare the capabilities of the Multi-Pure unit with your actual water treatment needs.
- 9. Check for compliance with state and local laws and regulations.
- 10. While testing was performed under standard laboratory conditions, actual performance may vary.
- 11. The list of substances which the treatment device reduces does not necessarily mean that these substances are present in your tap water.



Model Nos: MPADC

Operational Specifications	MPADC
Approximate Service Capacity (5)	750 gallons
Replacement Filter Type Model No.	CBTAD
Approximate Flow Rate @ 60 psi	0.75 gpm
Maximum Water Pressure	100 psi/7.0 kg/cm2
Minimum Water Pressure	30 psi/2.1 kg/cm2
Maximum Operating Temperature	100°F/38°C for cold water use only
Minimum Operating Temperature	32°F/0°C
Warranty on Housing	5 years

XI. California Certification

State of California Department of Health Services Water Treatment Device Certificate Number 05 - 1736 Date Issued: October 20, 2005 Trademark/Model Designation Replacement Element(s) CB6AD Multi-Pure MPAD Multi-Pure MPADC CB6AD Manufacturer: Multi-Pure Drinking Water Systems The water treatment device(s) listed on this certificate have met the testing requirements pursuant to Section 116830 of the Health and Safety Code for the following health related contaminants: Microbiological Contaminants and Turbidity Inorganic/Radiological Contaminants Asbestos Lead Mercury Cysts Turbidity 0 4 Organic Contaminants MTBE PCB Toxaphene
VOCs
Alachlor
Atrazine
Benzene m Endrin
Ethylbenzene
EDB
Bromochioroacetonitrile
Dibromocactonitrile
Dibromocactonitrile
Dibromocactonitrile
Trichloroacetonitrile
Haloketones (HK)
1,1-1/inchloro-2-Propanone
1,1,1-1richloro-2-Propanone
Heptachlor Epoxide
Hexachlorobutadiene
Hexachlorobutadiene
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene
Lundane
Methoxychlor
Pentachlorophenol Styrene 1,1,2,2-Tetrachlorocthane Tetrachloroethylene Benzene Carboluran Carbon Tetrachloride Chlorobenzene Chloropierin 2,4-D DBCP Tetrachloroethylene Tollaene 2,4,5-TP (Silvex) Tribromoscetic Acid 1,2,4-Trichloroethane 1,1,2-Trichloroethane Trichloroethylene Tribalomethanes (TIMIs) Bromodichloromethane Bromodichloromethane o-Dichlorobenzene p-Dichlorobenzene 1,2-Dichlorocthane 1,1-Dichlorocthylene 1,1-Dichlorocthylene cis-1,2-Dichlorocthylene trans-1,2-Dichloropropane cis-1,3-Dichloropropylene Bromoform Chloroform Chlorodibromomethane Xylenes Rated Service Capacity: 750 gals Rated Service Flow: 0.75 gpm Do not use where water is microbiologically unsafe or with water of unknown quality, except that systems certified for cyst reduction may be used on disinfected waters that may contain filterable cysts.

XII. Troubleshooting

Problem	Cause	Remedy
Taste/Odor (general)	The carbon block filter may become saturated with the taste and odors it adsorbs.	Change the filter
Rotten egg odor	Typically a sign of H2S (hydrogen sulfide) gas w hich can occur at any time.	It is recommended that you keep two filter cartridges on hand. When one becomes saturated with odor, remove it and allow it to dry upside (threaded-hole) down on a paper towel. The sulfur gas will dissipate, allowing the cartridge to be reused. Rotating cartridges in this manner will, in some cases, help extend the life of the filter.
Odor & odd color on cartridge	H2S (hydrogen sulfide) caused by iron (orange/brownish), manganese (blackish), and/or decaying organisms (slimy/blotchy colors) can cause rotten egg-type odor.	Change of filter cartridge is the only recommended course of action.
"Milky" color in w ater	Higher than normal water pressure through the System will create small bubbles. Air bubbles do not effect the performance of the system. Air can be trapped inside the lid of the housing.	For a countertop installation, turn on the water and engage the diverter valve while reducing the water flow slightly. For a below the sink installation, adjust the water pressure at the feedwater adapter below the sink. Turn on the ledge faucet or diverter valve and let water run for 3 to 5 minutes after installation or filter change.
Flow rate is slow	Solids: The filter is designed to become restricted in its flow rate when the filter becomes clogged with particulate and other contaminants. When your water flow rate slows to the point that it is inconvenient to use, it is time to change your filter.	It is recommended that filters be replaced at least every twelve months or when its capacity is reached, whichever comes first. If water pressure is too low, adjust water pressure to 60 psi. If other faucets or sprinklers are on turn off other running water.
Water dripping from faucet assembly	Adjustment of water flow is needed.	Below sink units - remove the faucet handle by first removing the spout (pull straight up) and then slide the handle off the faucet base. Then turn the small t-bar about one half turn to tighten the faucet assembly.
Water is black	Carbon dust	Allow water to run through the unit to waste for approximately 20 minutes to flush the filter and charge the carbon.

XIII. Questions and Answers

Question	Answer	Comments
Will low pH or acid water affect the Multi- Pure filter?	No.	Mineral components expressed as acidity and alkalinity determine pH. Neutrality is 7; below 7 is acidity; above 7 is alkalinity.
Does deionized water or soft water have any affect on Multi-Pure water?	No.	N/A
Can the Multi-Pure System be connected to an automatic ice-maker?	The below sink models can be connected to both your sink and refrigerator, to any type of water dispenser or ice-maker. You can use the same unit installed under your sink to also filter the water at your refrigerator.	To connect a single Drinking Water System to both your sink and refrigerator, request an "ice-maker tee" on the order form.
Can the Multi-Pure System be used during an emergency or when the water is turned off?	Yes, you can hand pump or siphon water through the Multi-Pure System during an emergency. CAUTION the Multi-Pure System is not intended to be used where the water is microbiologically unsafe or with water of unknown quality without adequate disinfection before or after the unit.	If water source is questionably contaminated, it should be disinfected prior to use. Add ¼ tsp of household bleach per gallon of water; the Multi-Pure System will remove this solution from the water. Hand pump kits are available from Multi-Pure.
What causes "white" particles to appear in Multi-Pure water when it is frozen or boiled?	solidify when the water is frozen, and those minerals appear as white flakes or specks when the ice melts.	Natural minerals are beneficial to good health and their existence in drinking water (in normal quantities) should not cause any alarm. Minerals can be removed by Reverse Osmosis technology, which is also available from Multi-Pure on request.
Why does the Multi-Pure System reduce Volatile Organic Chemicals, but not natural minerals?	Minerals are totally dissolved in solution and do not have an actual physical size; thus, the minerals pass through the filter unchanged.	The materials used in Multi-Pure Drinking Water Systems are specially selected for their ability to react with the chemicals in the water, but not with natural minerals that are beneficial to good health.
Should sediment be removed with a standard filter first?	In areas with excessive sedimentation, prefiltration will help extend the operational efficiency of the Multi-Pure cartridge; however, in most areas this is not necessary.	The Multi-Pure System contains a triple filter. The outside material is a prefilter that helps protect the solid carbon block surface from prematurely clogging with large sediment.
Why is the compressed activated carbon block filtration system more efficient than activated carbon (loose granular) systems?	Multi-Pure's solid carbon block filters are compacted into a dense structure causing every molecule of water to be forced through microscopic pores of carbon, effectively reducing a wide range of contaminants of health concern (see Section 3), as well as adsorbing tastes and odors and removing particulate matter removed by typical activated carbon filters.	The Water Quality Association reports that "an activated carbon filter can reduce organics and solid particles, as well as offensive tastes and odors." Only precoat and solid carbon block filters are engineered to provide 0.5 micron mechanical filtration.
What is the difference between a "water softener" and the Multi-Pure Drinking Water System?	Softeners are not used to treat drinking water; they are used only to change the water hardness. Softeners put sodium into the water in exchange for magnesium or calcium ions. Multi-Pure Drinking Water Systems do not remove dissolved minerals, so, the pH is not changed. Natural minerals most often found in water are considered to be essential to good health.	Soft water is good for bathing and laundering and may extend the life of hot water heaters and boilers. However, soft water should not be used for watering plants or lawns. It is recommended that you bypass a water softener when installing your Multi-Pure Drinking Water System.
Can the Multi-Pure System be used on untreated water?	If water source is questionable, it should be disinfected prior to use. Add 1/4 tsp of household bleach per gallon of water; the Multi-Pure System will remove this solution from the water. Consult your nearest public water utility for assistance or guidelines on proper treatment of untreated water.	Multi-Pure Systems are designed to be used on treated water systems; they are not intended to be used where the water is microbiologically unsafe or with water of unknown quality without adequate disinfection before or after the unit. Systems certified for cyst reduction may be be used on disinfected waters that may contain filterable cysts.

Maintenance Problems

Flushing / disinfecting the unit housing: Multi-Pure recommends that you not allow water to sit in a unit for extended periods of time without it being used. If a unit is left unused for more than 10 days, it may need to be flushed/disinfected before you resume use.

To flush a unit that may be contaminated:

- 1. Confirm that water is turned off to the unit.
- 2. Relieve the water pressure (if below sink unit) by opening the unit faucet.
- 3. Remove and discard the used filter.
- 4. Clean & rinse out the inside of the housing.
- Add 5 to 7 drops of bleach, such as Clorox[™] or Purex[™] (5 ¼% sodium hypochlorite) to the bottom canister.
- 6. Reconnect the housing top and bottom without the replacement filter.
- 7. Turn on water and let unit housing fill up with the water/bleach solution.
- 8. Allow unit to soak for at least 30 minutes.
 - a. Countertop Units: To disinfect the spout, place your finger over the tip of the spout and turn the unit upside down. Repeat this procedure 2 or 3 times during the 30-minute soak period.
 - b. Below Sink Units: To disinfect the faucet spout, remove the spout and place it in a container with one-quart of water and bleach (use 5 drops of bleach) and allow to soak for 30 minutes.
- 9. After the housing has soaked for 30 minutes, disassemble the top and bottom and pour out the water/bleach solution. Rinse out the inside of the housing.
- 10. Replace the filter (cartridge) following the instructions with the new filter.
- 11. Follow the instructions with the replacement filter for reconnecting and flushing your unit.

Stuck / Sticking Diverter Valve: Normally caused by a mineral (calcium) buildup around the diverter stem. There are two methods for solving this problem (Vegetable Oil or Vinegar).

Vegetable Oil (Using vegetable oil to lubricate the diverter valve does not dissolve the mineral deposits which build up and cause the sticking; thus it will be necessary to repeat this procedure from time to time)

- 1. Unscrew diverter valve from faucet.
- 2. Pour a little vegetable oil in the inlet hole.
- 3. Pull the diverter valve stem in/out several times to lubricate it thoroughly.
- 4. Replace diverter valve on faucet.

Vinegar (Using vinegar to dissolve the mineral deposits may cause discoloration)

- 1. Unscrew diverter valve from faucet.
- 2. Soak diverter valve in vinegar for 10 minutes.
- 3. Rinse and replace diverter valve on faucet.

Diverter Stem Stuck (If diverter stem is not operating properly - sticking)

- 1. Disconnect diverter valve from faucet.
- 2. Push pin in -- if you can push the pin easily, there was air in the tubing.
- 3. Reconnect diverter valve.

If you have any questions regarding the installation of your Multi-Pure Drinking Water System or for replacement filters,

Please call your authorized independent dealer

